$\qquad$

In the problems below, please use the following: as $k$ - the sum of digits in your student's number; as $m$ - the sum of the two largest digits in your student's number; and as $n$ - the smallest digit in your student's number plus 1. For example, if an index number is 609999: $k=42, m=18, n=1$.
Please write down the solutions (transformations, substitutions etc.), and additionally provide the final answer in the space specified (the answer should be a number in decimal notation, rounded to four digits).
9. Let $(X, Y)$ be a random vector from a distribution such that

$$
\mathbb{P}((X, Y)=(a, b))=\frac{(a-m+1) n+b}{9(2 n+k+1)}, \quad a \in\{m, m+1, m+2\}, b \in\{k, k+1, k+2\} .
$$

Find $\mathbb{E} Y$.

ANSWER:

Solution:
10. Let $(X, Y)$ be a random vector with density $g(x, y)=C x^{k / m} \mathbb{1}_{\{0 \leq x \leq y \leq n\}}$. Find $\mathbb{E} X Y$. Attention! Before you calculate $\mathbb{E} X Y$, you need to find the value of the constant $C$ first.
$\square$
Solution:

