## Probability Calculus 2021/2022 Problem set 7

- 1. Let X be a random variable with density  $g(x) = \frac{4}{\pi} \frac{1}{1+x^2} \mathbb{1}_{[0,1]}(x)$ . Calculate  $\mathbb{E}X$  and  $\mathbb{E}(3-2X)$ .
- 2. Let X be a random variable with density  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2} \sin x \mathbb{1}_{[0,\pi]}(x)$ . Calculate  $\mathbb{E}X$  and  $\mathbb{E} \cos X$ .
- 3. Let X be a standard normal variable. Calculate  $\mathbb{E}e^{2X}$  and  $\mathbb{E}e^{X^2/4}$ .
- 4. Let X be a random variable describing the weekly income of a worker from a given factory, with a cumulative distribution function of

$$F(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } t < 200, \\ ct^2(1500 - t) & \text{for } 200 \leqslant t < 1000, \\ 1 & \text{for } t \ge 1000, \end{cases}$$

where  $c = 2 \cdot 10^{-9}$ . Calculate the mean income of a worker.

- 5. Let X be a random variable with a Poisson distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ . Calculate  $\mathbb{E}X$ ,  $\mathbb{E}X(X-1)$ ,  $\mathbb{E}X^2$  and  $\mathbb{E}2^X$ .
- 6. Each edge and each diagonal of a hexagon is either colored red, blue or green. Let X denote the number of triangles with vertices in the hexagon's vertices that are colored with a single color. Calculate  $\mathbb{E}X$ .
- 7. We roll a die until we obtain each possible result. Find the mean number of rolls.
- 8. There are *n* students in a group. One day, the lecturer distributed graded tests randomly (he gave one test to each student). Let X denote the number of students who got their own test. Find  $\mathbb{E}X$ .

## Some additional problems

Theory (you should know coming into this class):

**1.** The definition of the expected value of a continuous random variable X.

2. Calculation of the expected value of a transformation of a random variable.

Problems (you should know how to solve after this class)

**1.** Let X be a random variable from a standard normal distribution. Calculate  $\mathbb{E}X(X+1)$  and  $\mathbb{E}e^{3X^2/8}$ .

**2.** Let X be a random variable with density  $g(x) = (e-1)^{-1}e^{1-x}1_{[0,1]}(x)$ . Find  $\mathbb{E}(X+1)$  and  $\mathbb{E}2^{X+2}$ .

**3.** Let X be a random variable from a geometric distribution with parameter p ( $\mathbb{P}(X = k) = p(1-p)^{k-1}, k = 1, 2, ...$ ). Find  $\mathbb{E} \min\{X, 100\}$ .

**4.** From the set  $\{1, 2, \ldots, 49\}$  we randomly draw 6 numbers without replacement. Let X signify the number of odd numbers. Find  $\mathbb{E}X$ .

5. We have two light bulbs of type I and three light bulbs of type II. The working life of a light bulb of type I has an exponential distribution with parameter 1, and of light bulb 2 - an exponential distribution with parameter  $\frac{1}{2}$ . In case a light bulb burns out in our lamp, we change it. Let X denote the total time a lamp works until the supply of light bulbs is finished. Find  $\mathbb{E}X$ .

6. 10 girls and 10 boys are randomly paired. Calculate the expected value of the number of pairs consisting of girls only.