

Mathematical Statistics 2020/2021, Homework 6 (Two problems)

Name and Surname ..... Student's number .....

*In the problems below, please use the following: as  $k$  – the sum of digits in your student's number; as  $m$  – the sum of the two largest digits in your student's number; and as  $n$  – the smallest digit in your student's number plus 1. For example, if an index number is 609999:  $k = 42$ ,  $m = 18$ ,  $n = 1$ .*

*Please write down the solutions (transformations, substitutions etc.), and additionally provide the final answer in the space specified (the answer should be a number in decimal notation, rounded to four digits).*

11. A group of  $k$  students were surveyed regarding the amount of time they devote to work during their summer break. Assuming that the time spent (in hours) follows a normal distribution with mean  $\mu$  and variance equal to  $m^2$ , where  $\mu > 0$  is an unknown parameter, we want to verify the null hypothesis that  $\mu = 3k$  hours, against the alternative that it is more. What is the critical region of a  $\frac{m+n}{2}\%$  significance level test for these hypotheses? What is the value of the appropriate test statistic, if the sample average was equal to  $3k + 2n$ ? What is the p-value of this result? What is the decision?

ANSWER:

Critical region of the test:	Value of test statistic:	p-value of test statistic:	Reject null? (YES/NO):
------------------------------	--------------------------	----------------------------	------------------------

Solution:

12. The price levels of hostel beds were studied in four summer resorts. Basic characteristics for the collected data are summarized in the table below:

sample stats \ city	A	B	C	D
average price (in dollars, per bed)	$k + 3n$	$k$	$k - 3n$	$k + 1$
variance of price (unbiased estimator)	$k^2 - 3m$	$k^2 - 3m$	$k^2 - 2m$	$k^2 - 2m$
sample size	$2m$	$40n - k$	$k$	$2m$

Assuming that the prices in different cities are independent and follow normal distributions with unknown means and a common variance, verify the hypothesis that the average price levels in the four cities are equal, for a significance level  $\alpha = 0.1$ .

ANSWER:

Critical value for the test:	Value of test statistic:	Reject null? (YES/NO):
---------------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------------------

Solution: